Scottish Autonomous Networked Systems - Part II (SANS 2024)

Co-creation of composable network digital twins for autonomous control and management

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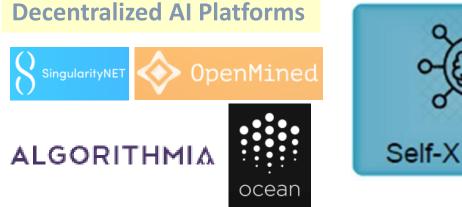
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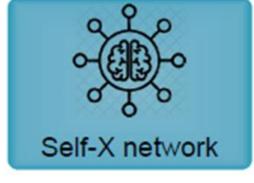
Introduction

Introduction

• Data

- From data to actionable knowledge for creating value
- Connected Intelligence
 - From Cloud Native to Al Native
 - Decentralized intelligence
- Fully automated Infrastructure
 - AI for networks and Networks for AI

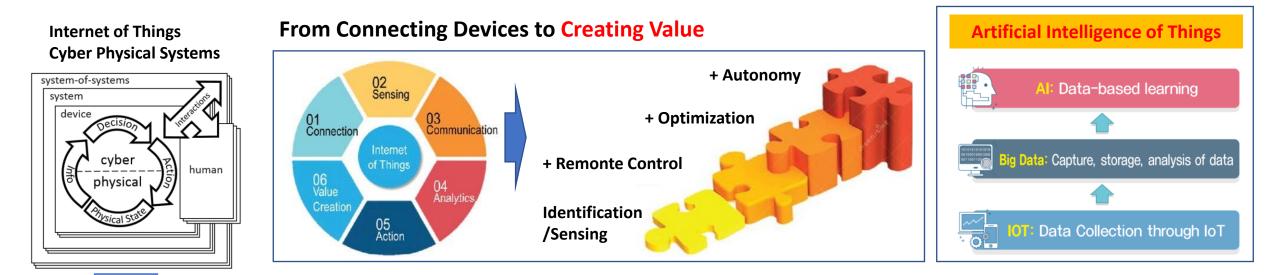








Data-driven AloT with Digital Twin Model



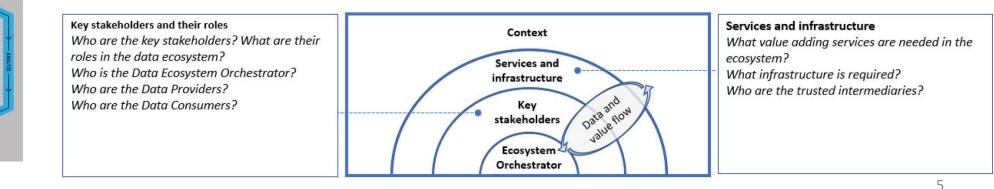
• The Ecosystem of ecosystems

Digital Twin Model

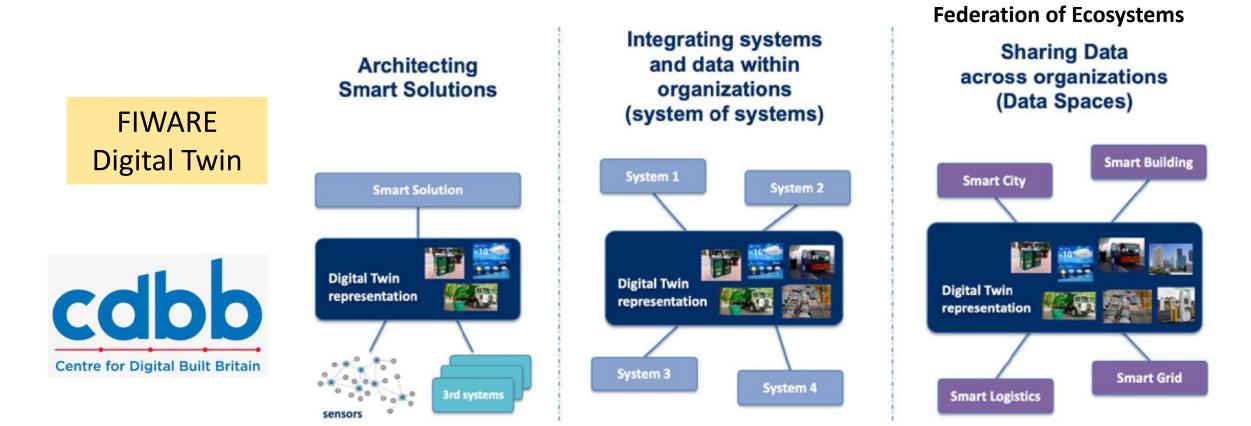
DIGITAL

PHYSICAL

- Technology ecosystems (e.g., 5G, Clouds, IoT, Big Data & AI, etc.)
- Vertical domain specific ecosystems (e.g., industrial, health, energy, etc.)



Scaling up – large scale virtual continuum



Lessons from Microservices

Microservices

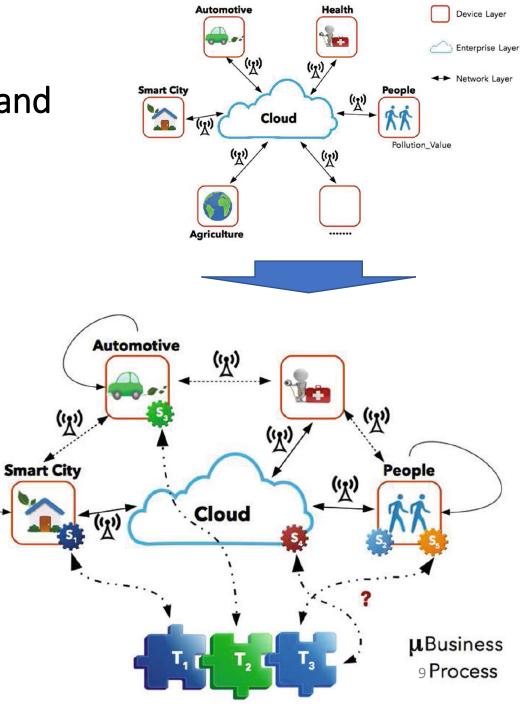
- The microservice architectural style
 - an approach to developing a single application as a suite of small services, each running in its own process and communicating with lightweight mechanisms, often an HTTP(S) resource API.
- Microservices
 - Are small in size
 - Use message driven communication
 - Bounded by contexts
 - Autonomously developed
 - Independently deployable
 - Decentralized
 - Built and released with autonomous processes

Composable IoT

Challenges for user driven service creation and composition

- Create applications from many different services (Microservices Containerization)
 - Application is comprised of several smaller parts.
 - Microservices can be containerized such as Event Hubs or IoT Hubs.
- Data Pipeline
 - Applications work with IoT data
 - A series of steps

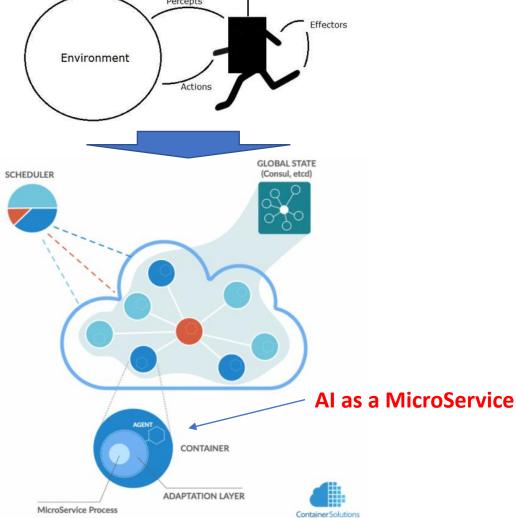


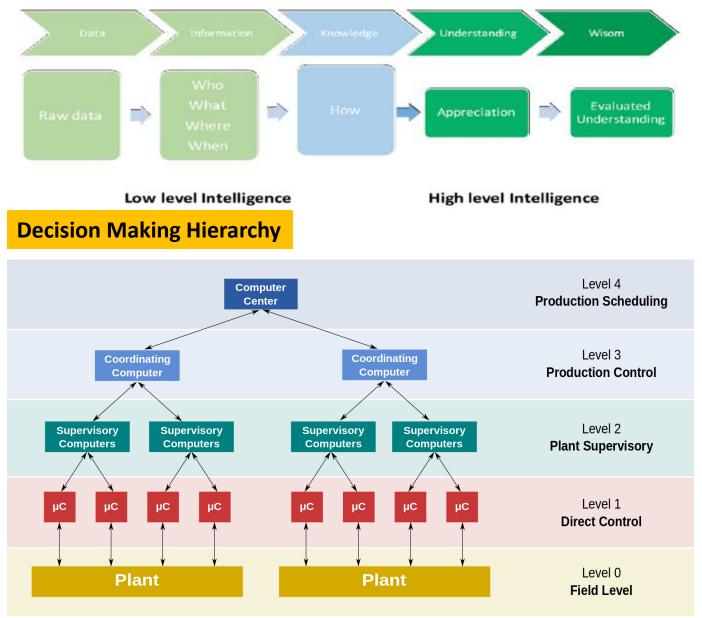


Distributed Intelligence

Embedded AI on Edge

Lightweight Programmable AI Agents





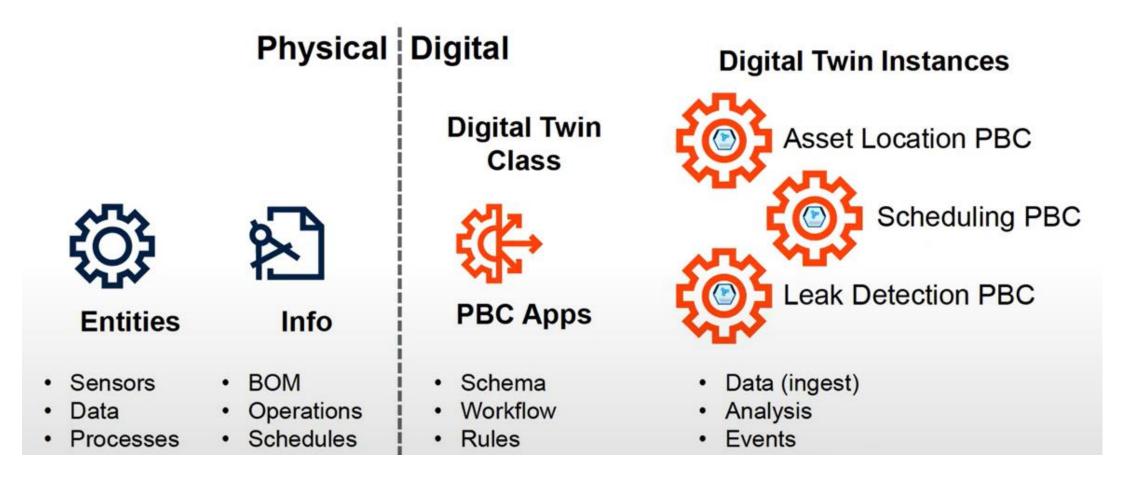
Example: Functional levels of a manufacturing control operation

Composable Digital Twins

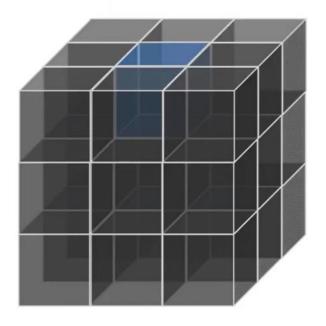
Composable Business Applications (Gartner)

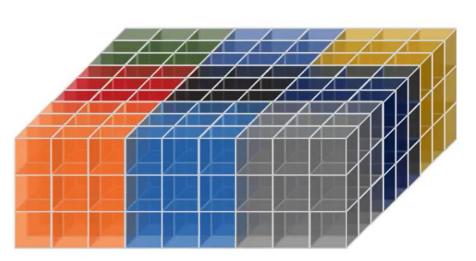
- Paradigm shifts from traditional monolithic applications
- Intelligent Composable Business Applications
 - Resilience require modular applications that can be recomposed on demand
 - Business and technology innovation must be closely aligned empower business experts
 - Traditional solutions reduce business ability for fast, informed and contextualized decision making

IoT and Digital Twin Enabled Packaged Business Capabilities (PBC)



Complexity requires model-based approach







Discreet Single/Atomic Entity Gearbox

Composite Assembly of Twins Ball Mill - Mining

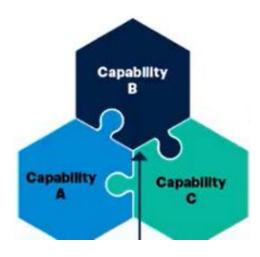
Composite System of Twins Processing Plant or Factory

https://xmpro.com/digital-twins-the-ultimate-guide/

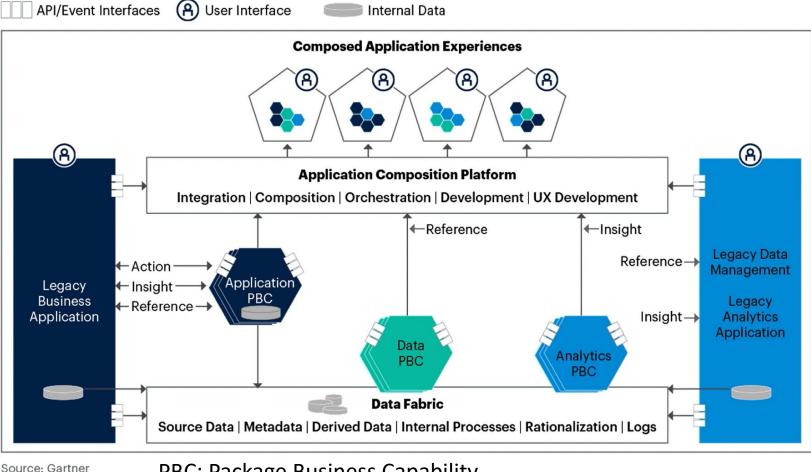
Composable architecture – Modular approach

Gartner

- Super-apps (2023)
- Composable Application (2022)
- Intelligent Composable Business (2021)



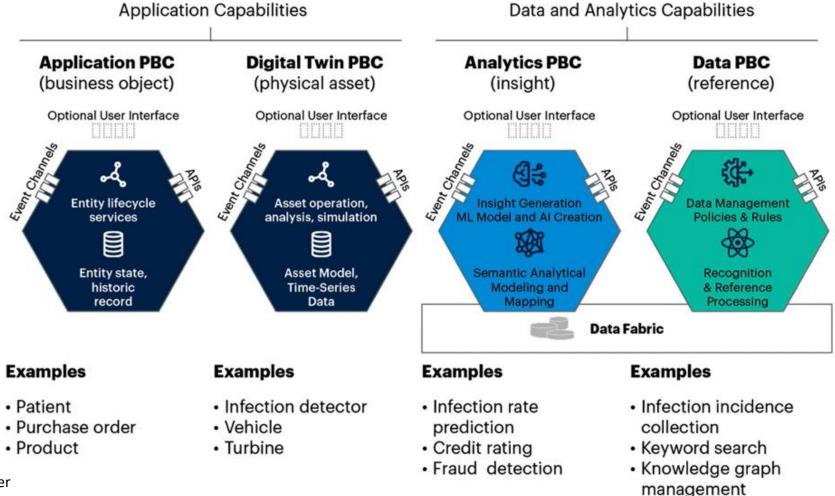
Gartner's Reference Model for Intelligent Composable Business Applications



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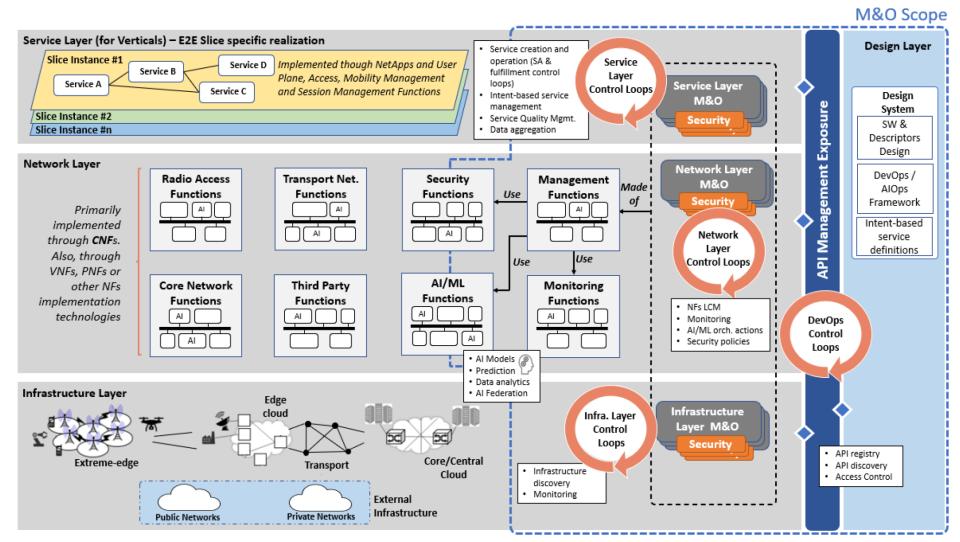
PBC: Package Business Capability

PBCs: The Building Blocks of Intelligent Composable Business Applications



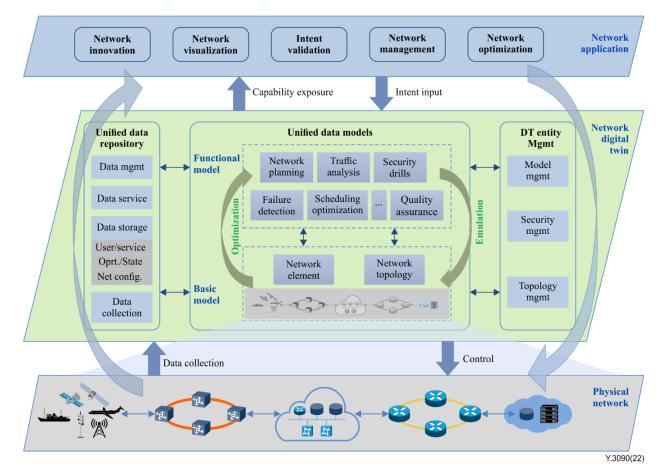
Composable Network Digital Twins

Intelligent control and management



Network Digital Twins

- A digital twin for networks (IETF)
 - applying Digital Twin technologies to networks and creating a virtual image of real network facilities
 - an expansion platform of network emulation as a tool for scenario planning, impact analysis, and change management
 - achieve more simplification, automatic, resilient, and full life-cycle operation and maintenance
- Digital twin network (ITU-T Y.3090)
 - A virtual representation of a physical network.
 - It is useful for analysing, diagnosing, emulating and controlling the physical network based on data, model and interface, to achieve the real-time interactive mapping between the physical network and virtual twin network.



Vision for smart networks

- Future 6G networks will be fully integrated with all societal infrastructure towards smart networks and services
- The "data pipe" model used by the existing Internet protocol stack is no longer ideal for many emerging applications.

It is not about end-to-end transport any more

• Fundamental cornerstone for the production of all services

a distributed, virtual, tailored ICT services factory

Future network trends – Network platform

- The key drivers of network platform evolution
 - Trend #1: a collaborative, automated physical world
 - Trend #2: connected, intelligent machines
 - Trend #3: the internet of senses
- Critical enablers of the future network platform
 - Trend #4: omnipresent and nonlimiting connectivity
 - Trend #5: pervasive network compute fabric
 - Trend #6: trustworthy infrastructure
 - Trend #7: cognitive network

https://www.ericsson.com/en/reports-and-papers/ericsson-technology-review/articles/technology-trends-2020

Network platform design

- From Cloud to Edge: Decentralization
- AI/Computing/Trust Native: In-network native and modular approach (energy efficient)
- Multi-tier heterogeneous resources: Minimizing complexity with AI
- Service Crowdmining: Crowd driven AI-powered Trustworthy Service Composition
- Trustworthy services: TrustChain (Lightweight distributed ledger with smart contract)
- Autonomous operations: SelfOps (Self-evolving and selfadapting service operations)
- Participation, Collaboration and Incentives: Collaboratively Evolving Platforms at Scale





- Easily accessible for users, ecosystem partners, and businesses.
- Host multiple independent businesses as tenants of the platform



CONNECTED

Always-on, always connected



To use the data generated to enable efficient and meaningful transactions

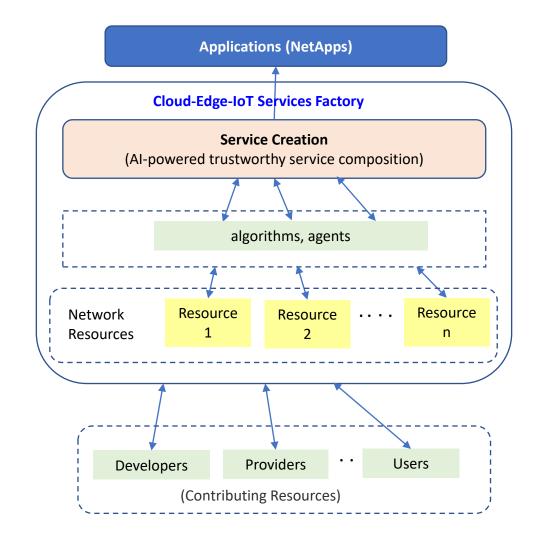
INTELLIGENT

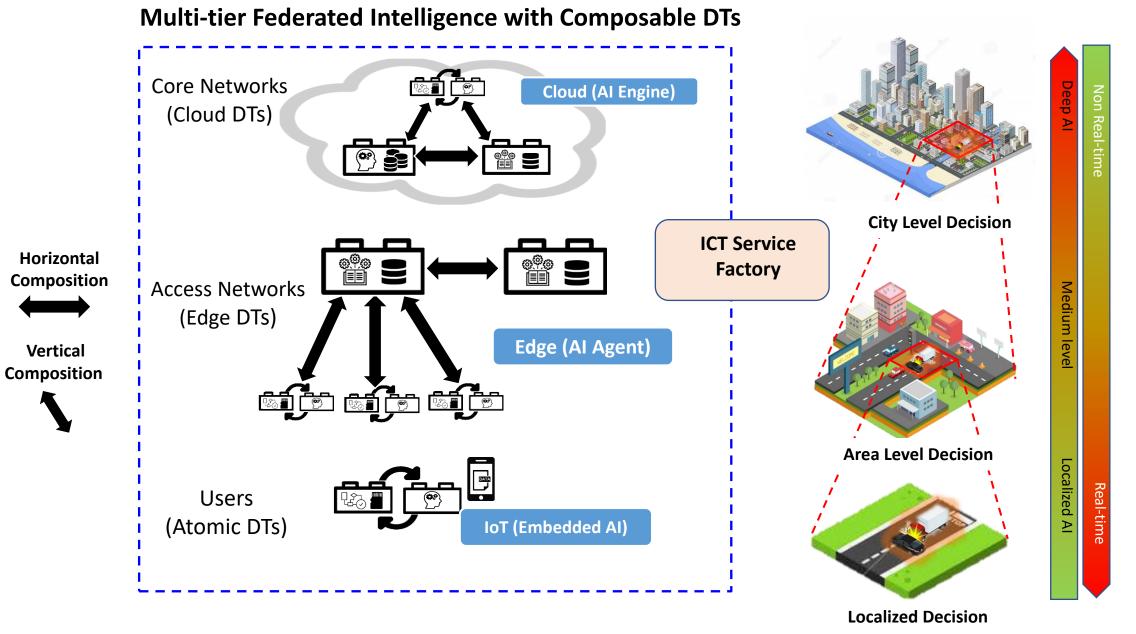


Empowers businesses to scale the platform by number of users, segments, and geography.

Considerations

- Users (prosumers, contributors, creators)
 - Personalized services, user-centric service creation and management, rich experience, adding values to services
- Different types of resources
 - Data (digital assets, sensing data, trained data,...), computing, communication, learning (AI models, parameters,....), composable digital twins/microservices,
- Operation (Self-evolving and self-adapting)
 - Mining + service composition/chaining
- Optimization
 - Energy efficiency, minimize complexity
- Trust
 - Testing and validation, distributed ledgers





The Challenge – Co-creation

- User-driven Composable Digital Twins using trusted and federated concepts
 - Creation of personalized atomic digital twin with data sovereignty and embedded intelligence
 - Composition of atomic digital twins
 - Building up large scale federated digital twins with AI capabilities
 - Supporting ICO (Interoperability, Composability and Orchestration)

Concluding remark

- Towards connected AI powered digital twins
 - DTs for networks vs. Networks for DTs

Standardization of Data-Driven ICT

Common features, but
unlimited number of solutions



- Fregmentization
- Assembling

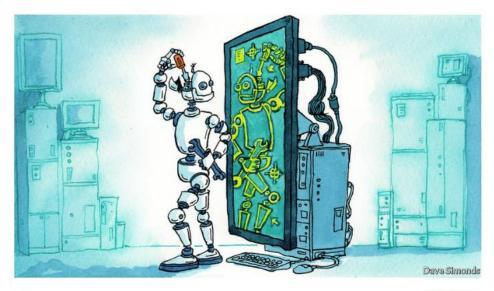






Millions of things will soon have digital twins

From factories to cars to a range of consumer products



Jul 13th 2017

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